CENTRAL VALLEY ANGLER SURVEY: 2011 Recreational Harvest of Chinook Salmon

Mike Brown & Rob Titus

California Department of Fish and Game Fisheries Branch Anadromous Resource Assessment Sacramento, California





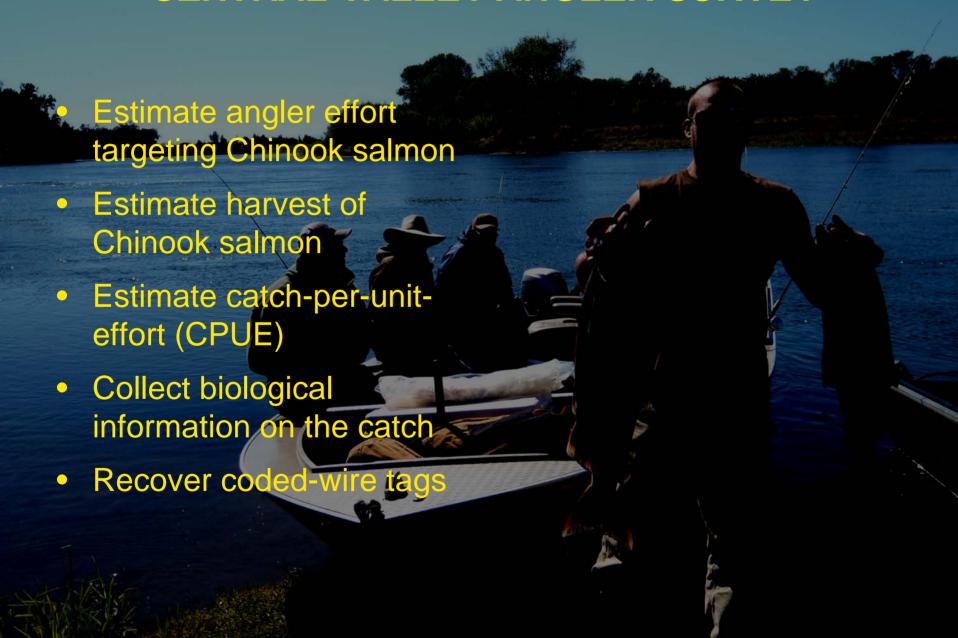


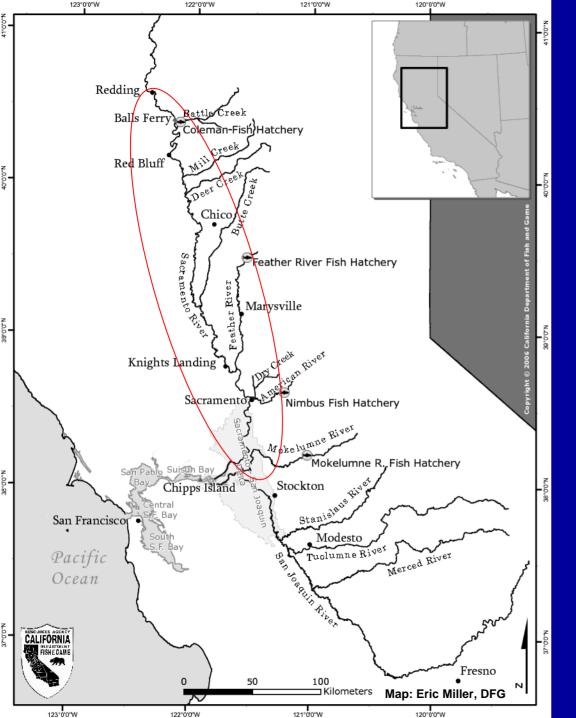
- Lower Feather River:
 - Open July 16th December 11th:
 - Excluding Thermalito Afterbay Outlet and the low flow channel
- Lower Sacramento: Carquinez Bridge to Knights Landing
 Open July 16th December 11th

- Upper Sacramento Knights Landing to Red Bluff
 Open July 16th December 18th
 - Red Bluff to Deschutes Road Bridge opened August 1st
- Lower American River
 Open July 16th December 31th



CENTRAL VALLEY ANGLER SURVEY





Sampling Design:

- 15 survey sections:
 - Sacramento River:
 Carquinez Bridge to
 Deschutes Rd Bridge
 - Feather River
 - American River
- Eight randomly selected sampling days per month:
 - four weekdays
 - four weekend days

Estimates of Chinook salmon effort, harvest and stock identification





Data collection via:

- Roving angler counts
- Roving interviews
- Access point interviews
- Coded Wire Tag (CWT)Recovery

Overview of 2011 Central Valley Fall-Run Sport Fishery for Chinook Salmon¹

• Effort: 843,098 angler hours

• Harvest: 60,500 salmon

• Release²: 10,989 salmon

• *Total catch*²: 71,489

• Pct retention: 82%



Harvest rate: 7 salmon per 100 angler hours

¹ Based on fishery statistics for the Sacramento, Feather, & American rivers, July – December 2011.

² Preliminary data subject to change

Expansion Statistics

- Contacted over 4,000 fishing parties
- 3,324 salmon reported kept



- 2,805 salmon measured,
 or 4.6% of the total estimated harvest
- 660 adipose fin-clipped salmon
- 652 heads taken for CWT recovery, or 99%

Photo by Harry Morse, DFG

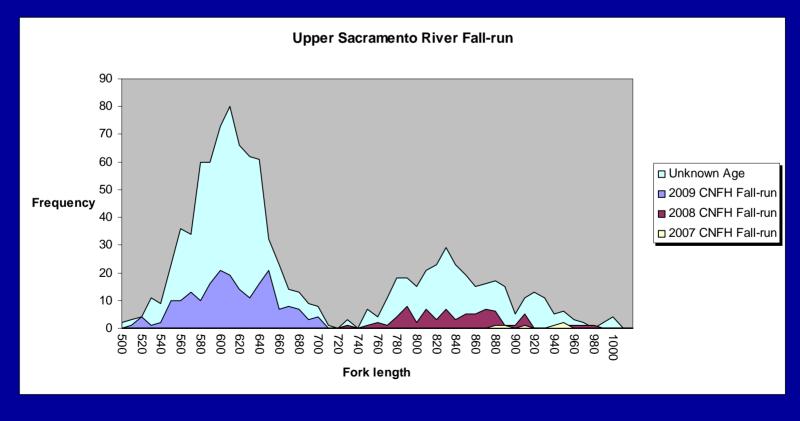
Coded Wire Tag Recoveries

628 CWTs successfully recovered and read

- 85% SRFC
- 9% Mokelumne River fall run
- 1.8% Other non-SRFC
- 1.6% Merced River fall run
- 1.3% Feather River spring run
- 0.6% Sacramento River late-fall run
- 0.0% Winter-run

Fork Length Frequency Analysis

 Conducted for each management zone to determine the delineation between grilse and adult fall-run Chinook salmon



Grilse composition varied between management zones

- 56% Feather River
- 69% Lower Sacramento River
- 71% Upper Sacramento River
- 72% American River



Final SRFC Harvest Estimate

Overall, 70% of the harvest were grilse

- 17,362 adult SRFC
- 40,471 grilse SRFC

Late-fall-run Chinook Salmon Fishery

 Restricted to the Upper Sacramento River:

Knights Landing to Deschutes Road Bridge

- Open November 1st –
 December 18th
- Daily bag and possession limit of 2 Chinook salmon



2011 Sacramento River Late-Fall-Run Chinook Salmon Fishery

- Effort:
- •Trips:
- •Harvest:
- •Release1:
- •Pct retention:
- Harvest rate:

- 35,789 angler hours
- 9,997 angler trips
 - 1,730 salmon
 - 85 salmon
 - 95.3%
 - 5 salmon per 100 angler hours

¹Preliminary, subject to change

Photo by Harry Morse, DFG

MAKE

Expansion Statistics

- Contacted over 600 fishing parties
- 220 salmon reported kept
- 186 salmon measured
 - 11% of the total estimated harvest
- 123 adipose fin-clipped salmon
- 120 heads (98%) taken for CWT recovery



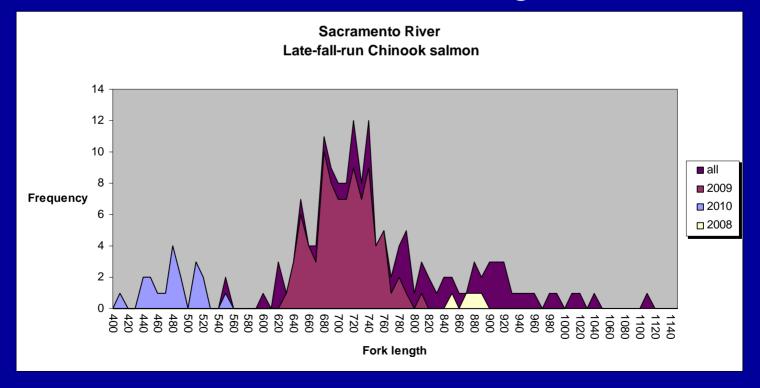
117 CWT successfully recovered and read

- 97% Sacramento River late-fall run
- 1% Mokelumne River fall run
- 1% Sacramento River fall run
- 1% Feather River spring run
- 0.0% Sacramento River winter run

Fork Length Frequency Analysis

Determine the delineation between grilse and adult late-fall-run Chinook salmon

- Apparent break at 580 mm FL
 - 12%, or 204, SRLFC grilse



Final SRLFC Harvest Estimate

- 1,499 adult SRLFC
 - 204 grilse SRLFC

